

## OPERATION MANUAL

## V3 SERIES HIGH PERFORMANCE

FREQUENCY INVERTER


Function parameter table

| O-Parameter that can be modified in any state | > -Unmodifiable parameters in the running state |
| :---: | :---: |
| - Actual test parameters cannot be modified | -Factory parameters which are limited to the manufacturer's modification, the user is prohibited from modifying |

## Group P0 - Basic operating parameters

| Function Code | Name | Content | Predetermined Area | Factory Default | Modific ation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0. 00 | Power specification of frequency inverter | Display current power | $0.10 \sim 99.99 \mathrm{kw}$ | Device settings | $\checkmark$ |
| P0. 01 | Software version of the master controller | Display current software version number | $1.00 \sim 99.99$ | 1.00 | - |
| P0. 02 | Run command channel selection | 0 : The panel runs the command channel <br> 1: The terminal runs the command channel <br> 2: The communication runs command channels | 0~2 | 0 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P0. 03 | Frequency <br> setting <br> selection | 0: Panel potentiometer 1: Number given 1, adjust by operating A/V keys on the panel 2: Number given 2, adjust by terminals UP/DOWN 3: AVI simulation given ( $0 \sim$ 10V) 4: Combination given 5: ACI given (0~20 mA) 6: Communication given 7: Pulse given Note: When selecting the combination given, select the mode of combination given mode in P1.15. | 0~7 | 0 | $\bigcirc$ |


| P0. 04 | Maximum output frequency | The maximum output frequency is the highest frequency allowed by the frequency inverter and the reference for the acceleration/ deceleration setting. | $\begin{gathered} \operatorname{MAX}\{50.0, \\ [\mathrm{P} 0.05]\} \sim 999.9 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{gathered}$ | 50.0 Hz | > |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0. 05 | Upper frequency | The operating frequency cannot exceed this frequency | $\begin{gathered} \operatorname{MAX}\{0.1, \\ [\mathrm{P} 0.06]\} \sim[\mathrm{P} 0.04] \end{gathered}$ | 50.0 Hz | > |
| P0. 06 | Low limit frequency | The operating frequency cannot be lower than this frequency | 0.0~Upper limit frequency | 0.0 Hz | $\times$ |
| P0. 07 | The processing at the lower limit frequency | 0 : Running at zero speed <br> 1: Running at lower <br> frequency <br> 2: Stop | 0~2 | 0 | > |
| P0. 08 | Operation <br> frequency digital setting | The set value is a given initial value of the frequency number | 0~upper limit frequency | 10.0 Hz | $\bigcirc$ |
| P0. 09 | Digital frequency control | LED ones place: Storage at power off 0: Store 1: Do not store LED tens place: Keep state at downtime 0: Keep 1: Do not keep LED hundreds place: UP/DOWN negative frequency regulation $0:$ Invalid 1: Valid LED thousands place: PID and PLC frequency overlay options 0: Invalid 1: P0.03+PID 2: P0.03+PLC | 0000~2111 | 0000 | $\bigcirc$ |


| P0. 10 | Acceleration time | Time required for the frequency inverter to accelerate from zero frequency to the maximum output frequency | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \sim 255.0 \mathrm{~S} \\ & 0.4 \sim 4.0 \mathrm{KW} \end{aligned}$ | Devic |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0. 11 | Deceleration time | Time required for the frequency inverter to decelerate from maximum output frequency to zero frequency | $\begin{gathered} 5.5 \sim 22 \mathrm{KW} \\ 15.0 \mathrm{~S} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| P0. 12 | Running direction setting | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0: Forward } \\ & \text { 1: Reverse } \\ & \text { 2: Ban reversing } \end{aligned}$ | 0~2 | 0 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P0. 13 | V/F curve setting | 0: Linea curve <br> 1: Square curve <br> 2: Multipoint VF curve | 0~2 | 0 | $\times$ |
| P0. 14 | Torque lift | Vector control: Please set <br> this parameter to 0.0 <br> VF control: This parameter is <br> manual torque lift; this value <br> is set relatively to the motor <br> rating percent voltage. | 0.0~30.0\% | Device <br> setting | $\bigcirc$ |
| P0. 15 | Cut-off frequency of torque lift | This setting is lifting cutoff frequency point of manual torque lifting | $0.0 \sim 50.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | 15.0 Hz | $\times$ |
| P0. 16 | Carrier <br> frequency <br> setting | For the occasion of silent operation, the carrier frequency can be increased to meet the requirements appropriately, but increasing the carrier frequency will increase the heat of frequency inverter. | $\begin{aligned} & 2.0 \sim 16 \mathrm{KHz} \\ & 0.4 \sim 3.0 \mathrm{KW} \\ & 4.0 \mathrm{KHz} \\ & 4.0 \sim 7.5 \mathrm{KW} \\ & 3.0 \mathrm{KHz} \end{aligned}$ | Device setting | $\times$ |


| P0. 17 | V/F frequency value F1 |  | 0.1~frequency <br> Value F2 | 12.5 Hz | $\times$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P0. 18 | V/F voltage value V1 |  | $0.0 \sim$ Voltage value V2 | 25.0\% | $\times$ |
| P0. 19 | $\begin{gathered} \text { V/F frequency } \\ \text { value F2 } \end{gathered}$ |  | Frequency value F1 <br> ~ Frequency value F3 | 25 Hz | $\times$ |
| P0. 20 | V/F Voltage value V2 |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Voltage value } \mathrm{V} 1 \\ \sim \text { Voltage value } \mathrm{V} 3 \end{array}$ | 50\% | $\times$ |
| P0. 21 | $\begin{gathered} \text { V/F frequency } \\ \text { value F3 } \end{gathered}$ |  | Frequency value F2 <br> ~ Motor rated power [p4.03] | 37.5 Hz | $\times$ |
| P0. 22 | V/F Voltage value V3 |  | Voltage value V2~100.0\% multiply Uoute(Motor rated voltage[p4.00]) | 75\% | $\times$ |
| P0. 23 | User password | Set any non-zero number and wait 3 minutes or power off before it takes effect. | 0~9999 | 0 | $\times$ |


| P1 group - auxiliary operating parameters |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Function code | Name | Setting range | Minimum Unit | Factory default | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Modifi } \\ & \text { cation } \end{aligned}$ |
| P1.00 | Start mode | LED single digits: Starting type <br> 0: Start from the starting frequency <br> 1: First dc braking and then start from the starting frequency <br> LED tens digits: power failure or abnormal restart mode <br> 0: Invalid <br> 1: Start from the starting frequency <br> LED hundreds digits: Reserve <br> LED thousands digits: Reserve | 0000~0011 | 00 | > |
| P1.01 | Start frequency |  | $0.0 \sim 50.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | 1.0 Hz | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1. 02 | Start dc <br> braking <br> voltage |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.0 \sim 50.0 \% \\ \times \text { Motor rated } \\ \text { voltage } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 0.0\% | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1. 03 | Start dc braking time |  | 0.0~30.0s | 0.0s | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1.04 | Stop mode | 0 : Slowing down to stop <br> 1: Stopping freely | 0~1 | 0 | > |
| P1. 05 | Starting frequency of stop DC braking |  | 0.0~upper limit frequency | 0.0Hz | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1. 06 | Stop DC <br> braking <br> voltage |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.0 \sim 50.0 \% \\ \times \text { Motor rated } \\ \text { voltage } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 0.0\% | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1. 07 | Stop DC <br> braking <br> time |  | $0.0 \sim 30.0 \mathrm{~s}$ | 0.0s | $\times$ |
| P1.08 | Waiting time of stop DC braking |  | 0.00~99.99s | 0.00s | > |
| P1. 09 | Frequency setting of forward jog | Set the frequency of forward or | $0.0 \sim 50.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | 10.0 Hz | - |
| P1. 10 | Frequency setting of reverse jog | e jog |  |  |  |


| P1.11 | Jog <br> acceleration <br> time | Set the jog acceleration and | $\begin{gathered} 0.1 \sim 999.9 \mathrm{~S} \\ 0.4 \sim 4.0 \mathrm{KW} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P1. 12 | Jog <br> deceleration time | deceleration time | $\begin{gathered} 5.5 \sim 7.5 \mathrm{KW} \\ 15.0 \mathrm{~S} \end{gathered}$ | setting |  |
| P1.13 | Jumping <br> frequency | The frequency inverter can avoid the mechanical resonance point of | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \sim \text { upper } \\ & \text { limit } \\ & \text { frequency } \end{aligned}$ | 0.0 Hz | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1.14 | Jumping range | and range. | $0.0 \sim 10.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | 0.0Hz | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1. 15 | Combination of frequency setting method | 0: Potentiometer + digital frequency 1 <br> 1: Potentiometer + digital frequency 2 <br> 2: Potentiometer +AVI <br> 3: Digital frequency $1+\mathrm{AVI}$ <br> 4: Digital frequency $2+A V I$ <br> 5: Digital frequency $1+$ SPD <br> 6: Digital frequency $2+$ SPD <br> 7: Potentiometer + SPD | 0~7 | 0 | $\times$ |
| P1. 16 | Programmable operation control (Simple PLC operation) | LED single digits: PLC controller0: <br> Invalid <br> 1: Valid <br> LED tens digits: Operation mode options <br> 0: Single cycle <br> 1: Continuous cycle <br> 2: Keep the final value after a single cycle <br> LED hundreds digits: Start mode <br> 0: Restart from the first stage <br> 1: Start from the stage of stop (fault) moment <br> 2: Start from the stage and frequency of stop (fault) moment <br> LED thousands digits: Power off and then storage options <br> 0: Do not store <br> 1: Store | 0000~1221 | 0000 | $\times$ |
| P1. 17 | Multi-speed frequency 1 | Set the frequency in velocity period 1 | Negative upper limit frequency~ Upper limit | 5.0 Hz | $\bigcirc$ |


| P1. 18 | Multi-speed frequency 2 | Set the frequency in velocity period 2 | Negative upper limit frequency~ Upper limit frequency | 10.0 Hz | $\bigcirc$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P1. 19 | Multi-speed frequency 3 | Set the frequency in velocity period 3 | Negative upper limit frequency~ Upper limit frequency | 15.0 Hz | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1. 20 | Multi-speed frequency 4 | Set the frequency in velocity period 4 | Negative upper limit frequency~ Upper limit frequency | 20.0 Hz | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1. 21 | Multi-speed frequency 5 | Set the frequency in velocity period 5 | Negative upper limit frequency~ Upper limit frequency | 25.0 Hz | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1. 22 | Multi-speed frequency 6 | Set the frequency in velocity period 6 | Negative upper limit frequency~ Upper limit frequency | 37.5 Hz | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1.23 | Multi-speed frequency 6 | Set the frequency in velocity period 7 | Negative upper limit frequency~ Upper limit frequency | 50.0 Hz | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1. 24 | Running time of stage 1 | Set the running time of stage 1 (unit is chosen by $[\mathrm{P} 1.35]$ and defaults to seconds) | 0.0~999.9s | 10.0s | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1. 25 | Running time of stage 2 | Set the running time of stage 2 (unit is chosen by [P1.35] and defaults to seconds) | 0.0~999.9s | 10.0s | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1. 26 | Running time of stage 3 | Set the running time of stage 3 (unit is chosen by [P1.35] and defaults to seconds) | 0.0~999.9s | 10.0s | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1.27 | Running time of stage 4 | Set the running time of stage 4 (unit is chosen by [P1.35] and in second by default) | 0.0~999.9s | 10.0s | $\bigcirc$ |


| P1.28 | Running time of stage 5 | Set the running time of stage 5 (unit is chosen by [P1.35] and in second by default) | 0.0~999.9s | 10.0s | $\bigcirc$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P1. 29 | Running time of stage 6 | Set the running time of stage 6 (unit is chosen by [P1.35] and in second by default) | 0.0~999.9s | 10.0s | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1. 30 | Running time of stage 7 | Set the running time of stage 7 (unit is chosen by [P1.35] and in second by default) | 0.0~999.9s | 10.0s | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1.31 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Stage } \\ \text { acceleration } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { deceleration } \\ \text { time option 1 } \end{gathered}$ | LED single digits: Acceleration and deceleration time in stage 1 $0 \sim 1$ <br> LED tens digits: Acceleration and deceleration time in stage 2 $0 \sim 1$ <br> LED hundreds digits: Acceleration and deceleration time in stage 3 $0 \sim 1$ <br> LED thousands digits: Acceleration and deceleration time in stage 4 $0 \sim 1$ | 0000~1111 | 0000 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1. 32 | Stage acceleration and deceleration time option 2 | LED ones digits: Acceleration and deceleration time in stage 5 $0 \sim 1$ <br> LED tens digits: Acceleration and deceleration time in stage 6 $0 \sim 1$ <br> LED hundreds digits: Acceleration and deceleration time in stage 7 $0 \sim 1$ <br> LED thousands digits: Reserve | 000~111 | 000 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P1.33 | Acceleration time 2 | Set acceleration and deceleration time | $\begin{gathered} 0.1 \sim 999.9 \mathrm{~s} \\ 0.4 \sim 4.0 \mathrm{KW} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| P1.34 | Deceleration time2 | $2$ | $\begin{gathered} 10.0 \mathrm{~s} \\ 5.5 \sim 7.5 \mathrm{KW} \\ 15.0 \mathrm{~s} \end{gathered}$ | 10.0 s | $\bigcirc$ |


| P1.35 | Time unit selection | LED single digits: Time unit of process <br> PLC <br> LED tens digits: Time unit of simple <br> PLC <br> LED hundreds digits: Regular <br> acceleration and deceleration time <br> LED thousands digits: Reserve0: Unit <br> is in 1 second <br> 1: Unit is in 1 minute <br> 1: Unit is in 0.1 second | 000~211 | 000 | $\times$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Group P2 | analog and | digital input and output parameter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Function code | Name | Setting range | Minimum Unit | Factory default | Modific ation |
| P2.00 | AVI input lower limit voltage | Set AVI upper and lower limits of | $\begin{aligned} & 0.00 \sim \\ & {[P 2.01]} \end{aligned}$ | 0.00V | $\bigcirc$ |
| P2.01 | AVI input upper limit voltage |  | $\begin{gathered} {[\mathrm{P} 2.01] \sim} \\ 10.00 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | 10.00V | $\bigcirc$ |
| P2.02 | AVI lower limit corresponding setting | Set the AVI upper and lower limits corresponding setting which is corresponding to the percentage of the upper limit frequency [P0.05] | $\begin{gathered} -100.0 \% \sim \\ 100.0 \% \end{gathered}$ | 0.0\% | $\bigcirc$ |
| P2.03 | AVI upper limit corresponding setting |  |  | 100.0\% | $\bigcirc$ |
| P2.04 | AVI input lower limit voltage | Set ACI upper and lower limits of current | $\begin{gathered} 0.00 \sim \\ {[\mathrm{P} 2.05]} \end{gathered}$ | 0.00 mA | $\bigcirc$ |
| P2.05 | AVI input upper limit voltage |  | $\begin{gathered} {[\mathrm{P} 2.04] \sim} \\ 20.00 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 20.00 \mathrm{~m} \\ \mathrm{~A} \end{gathered}$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| P2.06 | ACI lower <br> limit corresponding setting | Set the ACI upper and lower limits corresponding setting which is corresponding to the percentage of the upper limit frequency [P0.05] | -100.0\%~100.0\% | 0.0\% | $\bigcirc$ |
| P2.07 | ACI upper limit corresponding setting |  |  | 100.0\% | $\bigcirc$ |
| P2.08 | Time constant of analog input signal filtering | This parameter is used to filter input signals of AVI, ACI and panel potentiometers to eliminate the influence of interference. | 0.1~5.0s | 0.1s | $\bigcirc$ |
| P2.09 | Anti - shake error limit of analog input | When the analog input signal fluctuates frequently near the given value, P2.09 can be set to suppress the frequency fluctuation caused by this fluctuation. | 0.00~0.10V | 0.00V | $\bigcirc$ |




| P2. 22 | Closing delay | The delay of the relay R state changes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P2.23 | Disconnecti on delay | to the output change |  |  |  |
| P2. 24 | Frequency reaches the <br> FAR <br> detection <br> range | The output frequency is within the positive and negative detection width of the set frequency, and the terminal outputs a valid signal (low level). | $0.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \sim 15.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | 5.0 Hz | $\bigcirc$ |
| P2. 25 | FDT level setting value |  | $0.0 \mathrm{~Hz} \sim$ <br> frequency upper limit | 10.0 Hz | $\bigcirc$ |
| P2. 26 | FDT hysteresis value |  | 0.0~30.0Hz | 1.0 Hz | $\bigcirc$ |
| P2. 27 | UP/DOWN terminal end rate | The function code is the frequency end rate when the UP/DOWN terminal setting frequency is set, that is, the amount of frequency change when UP/DOWN terminal is shorted to the COM terminal for one second. | 0.1Hz~99.9Hz/s | $1.0 \mathrm{~Hz} / \mathrm{s}$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| P2. 28 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Input } \\ \text { terminal } \\ \text { pulse } \\ \text { trigger } \\ \text { mode } \\ \text { setting } \\ \text { (X1~ X5) } \end{gathered}$ | 0: Indicates the level trigger mode <br> 1: Indicates the pulse trigger mode | 0~1FH | 0 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P2. 29 | Input terminal effective logic setting (X1~X5) | 0: Indicates positive logic, that is, the connection between the Mi terminal and the common terminal is valid, and the disconnection is invalid <br> 1: Indicates the inverse logic, that is, the connection between the Mi terminal and the common terminal is invalid, and the disconnection is valid. | $0 \sim 1 \mathrm{FH}$ | 0 | $\bigcirc$ |


| P2. 30 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { X1 Filter } \\ & \text { coefficient } \end{aligned}\right.$ |  | 0~9999 | 5 | $\bigcirc$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P2.31 | X2 Filter coefficient | terminals. If the digital input terminal <br> is susceptible to interference and cause | 0~9999 | 5 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P2. 32 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { X3 Filter } \\ & \text { coefficient } \end{aligned}\right.$ | parameter to increase the anti- | 0~9999 | 5 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P2.33 | X4 Filter coefficient | too large, the sensitivity of the input terminal will decrease. | 0~9999 | 5 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P2.34 | X5 Filter coefficient |  | 0~9999 | 5 | $\bigcirc$ |


| Group $\mathbf{P}$ | PID param |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Function code | Name | Setting range | Minimum unit | Factory default | nodific ation |
| P3.00 | PID function setting | LED single digits: PID adjustment characteristics <br> 0: Invalid <br> 1: Positive action when the feedback signal is greater than the given amount of PID, the output frequency of frequency inverter is required to decrease (i.e., the feedback signal is reduced). <br> 2: Negative action when the feedback signal is greater than the given amount of PID, the output frequency of the frequency inverter is required to increase (i.e., the feedbacksignal is reduced). <br> LED tens digits: PID given amount channel <br> 0: Keyboard potentiometer <br> The PID given amount is given by the potentiometer on the operation panel. <br> 1: Digital given <br> The PID given amount is given by the number and set by the function code P3.01. <br> 2: Pressure given (MPa, Kg ) <br> The pressure is given by setting P3.01 and P3.18. <br> LED hundreds digits: PID feedback amount input channel <br> 0: AVI <br> 1: ACI <br> LED thousands digits: PID sleep options <br> 0: Invalid <br> 1: Normal sleep <br> This mode needs to set specific parameters such as P3.10~P3.13. <br> 2: Disturbing sleep <br> The parameter setting is the same as when the sleep mode is selected as 0 . If the PID feedback value is within the range of the P3.14 set value, enter the disturbance sleep after the sleep delay time is maintained. When the feedback value is less than the wake threshold (the PID polarity is positive), it will wake up immediately. | 0000~2122 | 1010 | $\times$ |


| P3. 01 | The number setting given amount | Use the operation keypad to set the given amount of PID control. This function is valid only when the PID given channel selecting digital is given (P3.00 tens place is 1 or 2 ). If the P3.00 tens digits is 2 , it is used as the pressure given, and the unit of this parameter is consistent with of P3.18. | 0.0~100.0\% | 0.0\% | $\bigcirc$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P3.02 | Gain of feedback channel | This function can be used to adjust the gain of the feedback channel signal when the feedback channel does not match the set channel level. | 0.01~10.00 | 1.00 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P3.03 | Proportional gain $P$ | The speed of the PID adjustment is set by the two parameters of | 0.01~5.00 | 2.00 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P3.04 | Integration time Ti | time. It is required <br> to increase the proportional gain and | 0.1~50.0s | 1.0s | $\bigcirc$ |
| P3.05 | Derivative time Td | reduce the integration time to get high adjustment speed. It is required to reduce the proportional gain and increase the integration time to get a low adjustment speed. In general, the derivative time is not set. | 0.1~10.0s | 0.0s | $\bigcirc$ |
| P3.06 | Sampling <br> period T | The larger the sampling period, the slower the response, but the better the suppression of the interference signal, and it is generally not necessary to set it. | 0.1~10.0s | 0.0s | $\bigcirc$ |
| P3.07 | Deviation limit | The deviation limit is the ratio of the absolute value of the deviation between the system feedback quantity and the given quantity to the given quantity, when the feedback quantity is within the deviation limit range, the PID adjustment does not work. | 0.0~20.0\% | 0.0\% | $\bigcirc$ |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|c|c|c|c|c|}\hline \text { P3.08 } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Closed } \\ \text { loop preset } \\ \text { frequency }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Frequency and running time of the } \\ \text { frequency inverter before the }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}0.0 \sim \text { upper } \\ \text { limit } \\ \text { frequency }\end{array} & 0.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\end{array}\right)$

| P3.16 | High pressure detection threshold | When the feedback pressure is greater than or equal to this set value, the tube explosion fault "EPA0" is reported after the P3.15 burst tube delay. When the feedback pressure is less than this set value, the burst alarm "EPA0" is automatically reset; the given threshold is the percentage of pressure. | 0.0~200.0\% | 150.0\% | $\bigcirc$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P3.17 | Low <br> pressure <br> detection <br> threshold | When the feedback pressure is less than or equal to this set value, the tube explosion fault "EPA0" is reported after the P3.15 burst tube delay. When the feedback pressure is greater than this set value, the burst alarm "EPA0" is automatically reset; the given threshold is the percentage of pressure. | 0.0~200.0\% | 50.0\% | - |
| P3.18 | Sensor range | Set the maximum range of the sensor | $\begin{gathered} 0.00 \sim 99.99 \\ (\mathrm{MPa} / \mathrm{Kg}) \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 10.00 \mathrm{M} \\ & \mathrm{~Pa} \end{aligned}\right.$ | - |


| Group P4 - Advanced Function Parameters |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Function | name | Setting range | Minimum unit | Factory <br> default | Modification |
| P4.00 | Motor rated voltage | Motor parameter setting | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \sim 500 \mathrm{~V}: 380 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 0 \sim 250 \mathrm{~V}: 220 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | Service setting | $\times$ |
| P4.01 | Motor rated current |  | 0.1~999A | Service setting | $\times$ |
| P4.02 | Motor rated speed |  | $0 \sim 60000 \mathrm{Krpm}$ | Service setting | $\times$ |
| P4.03 | Motor rated frequency |  | $1.0 \sim 999.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | 50.0 Hz | $\times$ |
| P4.04 | Motor stator resistance | Set the motor stator resistance | 0.001~20.000 $\Omega$ | Service setting | $\bigcirc$ |
| P4.05 | Motor <br> no-load <br> current | Set the motor no-load current | $0.1 \sim$ [P4.01] | Service <br> setting | $\times$ |
| P4.06 | AVR <br> function | 0 : Invalid <br> 1: Valid throughout <br> 2: Invalid only during deceleration | 0~2 | 0 | $\times$ |
| P4.07 | Cooling fan control | 0 : Automatic control mode <br> 1: Keep running during the poweron process | $0 \sim 1$ | 0 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P4.08 | Number of automatic resets | When the number of fault resets is set to 0 , there is no automatic reset function but only manual reset. And if the number is to be10 that means the number of times is not limited (countless times) | $0 \sim 1$ | 0 | $\times$ |
| P4.09 | Interval of fault auto reset | Set the interval of fault auto reset | 0.5~25.0s | 3.0s | $\times$ |
| P4.10 | Energy consumption brake starting voltage | If the internal DC side voltage of the frequency inverter is greater than the energy consumption brake starting voltage, the built-in brake unit operates. If the brake resistor is connected at this time, the voltage | $\begin{gathered} 330 \sim 380 / 660 \\ \sim 760 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 350 / \\ 780 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | $\bigcirc$ |


| P4.11 | Energy <br> consumption <br> braking <br> action ratio | energy boosted inside the frequency <br> inverter will be released through <br> braking resistor, causing the DC <br> voltage to fall back. | $10 \sim 100 \%$ | $100 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Group P5 - Protection function parameters |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Function code | Name | Setting range | Minimum unit | Factory default | Modifi cation |
| P5. 00 | Protection settings | LED single digits: motor overload protection option <br> 0 : Invalid <br> 1: Valid <br> LED tens digits: PID feedback <br> disconnection protection <br> 0 : Invalid <br> 1: Protect action and stop freely <br> LED Hundreds digits: Reserve <br> LED Thousands digits: <br> Oscillation suppression options <br> 0 : Invalid <br> 1: Valid | 0000~1211 | 0001 | $\times$ |
| P5. 01 | Motor overload protection coefficient | The motor overload protection coefficient is the percentage of the motor rated current value to the rated output current of the frequency inverter. | 30\%~110\% | 100\% | $\times$ |
| P5. 02 | Undervoltage protection level | This function code specifies the lower limit voltage allowed by the DC bus when the frequency inverter is working normally. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 180 / \\ & 360 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\times$ |
| P5.03 | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Deceleration } \\ \text { voltage } \\ \text { limiting } \\ \text { coefficient } \end{array}$ | This parameter is used to adjust the ability of the frequency inverter to suppress overvoltage during deceleration. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0: shut down, } \\ & 1 \sim 255 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | $\times$ |
| P5. 04 | Overvoltage limit level | The overvoltage limit level defines the operating voltage for overvoltage stall protection | $\begin{gathered} 350 \sim \\ 400 / 660 \sim \\ 850 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 375 / \\ & 790 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\times$ |


| P5.05 | Acceleration current limit coefficient | This parameter is used to adjust the ability of the frequency inverter to suppress overcurrent during acceleration. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0: shut down, } \\ & \text { 1~99 } \end{aligned}$ | 10 | $\times$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P5.06 | Constant speed current limiting coefficient | This parameter is used to adjust the ability of the frequency inverter to suppress overcurrent during constant speed. | $\begin{gathered} 0 \text { : shut down, } \\ \quad 1 \sim 10 \end{gathered}$ | 0 | $\times$ |
| P5.07 | Current limit level | The current limit level defines the current threshold for the automatic current limit action, and its set value is relative to the percentage of rated current of the frequency inverter. | 50\% 250\% | 180\% | $\times$ |
| P5.08 | Feedback disconnection detection value | The value is the percentage of given amount of the PID. When the feedback value of the PID continues to be less than the feedback disconnection detection value, the frequency inverter will make the corresponding protection action according to the setting of P5.00, which is invalid when P5.08 $=0.0 \%$. | 0.0~100.0\% | 0.0\% | $\times$ |
| P5.09 | Feedback disconnection detection time | After the feedback disconnection occurs, the delay time before the action is protected. | 0.1~999.9S | 10.0s | $\times$ |
| P5. 10 | Frequency inverter overload pre-alarm level | The current threshold of the frequency inverter overload prealarm action, the set value is relative to the rated current of the frequency inverter. | 0~150\% | 120\% | $\bigcirc$ |


| P5.11 | Frequency inverter overload prealarm delay | The delay time between the output current of the frequency inverter is continuously lager than the overload pre-alarm level (P5.10) and output overload pre-alarm signals. | $0.0 \sim 15.0 \mathrm{~s}$ | 5.0s | $\times$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P5.12 | Jog priority enable | 0 : Invalid <br> 1: The jog priority is highest when the frequency inverter is running | 0~1 | 0 | $\times$ |
| P5.13 | Oscillation suppression coefficient | When the motor is oscillating, you should set the thousands digits of | 0~200 | 30 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P5.14 | Amplitude <br> suppression coefficient | P5.00 effective, turn on the oscillation suppression function and adjust by setting the oscillation | $0 \sim 12$ | 5 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P5.15 | Oscillation suppression lower limit frequency | suppression coefficient. Under normal circumstances, the oscillation amplitude is large, and increase the oscillation suppression coefficient | $0.0 \sim$ [P5.16] | 5.0 Hz | $\bigcirc$ |
| P5.16 | Oscillation suppression upper limit frequency | you encounter a special occasion, you need to use P5.13~P5.16 together. | [P5.15] ~ [P0.05] | 45.0 Hz | $\bigcirc$ |
| P5.17 | Wave-by-wave current limit selection | LED single digits: options in acceleration <br> 0: Invalid <br> 1: Valid <br> LED tens digits: options in deceleration <br> 0: Invalid <br> 1: Valid <br> LED Hundreds digits: Options in constant speed running <br> 0: Invalid <br> 1: Valid <br> LED Thousands digits: Reserve | $000 \sim 111$ | 011 | $\times$ |

## Group P6 - Communication parameters

| P6.00 | Native address | Set the native address, and 0 is the broadcast address. | 0~247 | 1 | $\times$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P6.01 | MODBUS communication configuration | LED single digits: Baud rate options <br> 0:9600BPS <br> 1:19200BPS <br> 2:38400BPS <br> LED Tens digits: Data Format <br> 0: No parity <br> 1: Even parity <br> 2: Odd parity <br> LED Hundreds digits: <br> Communication Response <br> 0: Normal response <br> 1: Only respond to the slave address <br> 2: No response <br> 3: Slave does not respond to the free stop command of the host in broadcast mode <br> LED Thousands digits: Reserve | 0000~0322 | 0001 | $\times$ |
| P6.02 | Communication <br> timeout checkout time | If the native machine does not receive the correct data signal within the interval time defined by this function code, then the native machine thinks that the communication has failed, and the frequency inverter will decide whether to protect or maintain the current operation according to the setting of the communication failure action mode; when the value is set to 0.0, RS485 communication timeout is not detected. | $0.1 \sim 100.0 \mathrm{~s}$ | 10.0s | $\times$ |


| P6.03 | Native response delay | This function code defines the intermediate interval time between the end of the data frame reception of the frequency inverter and the transmission of the response data frame to the host computer. If the response time is less than the system processing time, the system processing time shall prevail. | $0 \sim 200 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 5 ms | $\times$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P6.04 | Proportional <br> linkage coefficient | This function code is used to set the weight coefficient of the frequency command of the frequency inverter received through the RS485 interface as the slave. The actual running frequency of the native machine is equal to the value of this function code multiplied by the frequency setting command value received through the RS485 interface. In the linkage control, this function code can set the ratio of the running frequency of multiple frequency inverter. | 0.01~10.00 | 1.00 | - |

## Group P7 - Supplementary function parameters

| Function code | Name | Setting range | Minimum unit | Factory <br> default | Modifi cation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P7.00 | Counting and timing mode | LED single digits: Counting arrival processing <br> 0: Single cycle count, stop outputting <br> 1: Single cycle count, continue to output <br> 2: Loop count, stop outputting <br> 3: loop count, continue to output <br> LED Tens digits: Reserve <br> LED Hundreds digits: Timing arrival processing <br> 0: One-week timing, stop outputting <br> 1: Single-cycle timing, continue to output <br> 2: Cycle timing, stop outputting <br> 3: Cycle timing, continue to output <br> LED Thousands digits: Reserve | 000~303 | 103 | $\times$ |
| P7. 01 | Counter reset value setting | Set the counter reset value | [P7.02] ~9999 | 1 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P7. 02 | Counter <br> detection <br> value <br> setting | Set the counter detection value | 0~ [P7.01] | 1 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P7. 03 | Timed time setting | Set timed time | 0~9999s | 0s | $\bigcirc$ |
| P7. 04 | External pulse <br> X5 input lower limit frequency |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.00 \sim \\ & {[P 7.14]} \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} 0.00 \mathrm{KH} \\ \mathrm{z} \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| P7. 05 | External <br> pulse X5 <br> input upper <br> limit <br> frequency |  | $\begin{aligned} & {[P 7.13] \sim} \\ & 99.99 \mathrm{KHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 20.00 \mathrm{~K} \\ \mathrm{~Hz} \end{array}\right\|$ | $\bigcirc$ |


| P7.06 | External pulse X5 lower limit correspondi ng setting | Set the external pulse X5 upper and lower limit corresponding settings, | $\begin{gathered} -100.0 \% \sim \\ 100.0 \% \end{gathered}$ | 0.0\% | $\bigcirc$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P7. 07 | External pulse X5 upper limit corresponding setting | to the maximum output frequency. | $\begin{gathered} -100.0 \% \sim \\ 100.0 \% \end{gathered}$ | 100.0\% | $\bigcirc$ |

## Group P8 - Management and Display Parameters

| $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Function } \\ \text { code } \end{array}$ | Name | Setting range | Minimum unit | Factory <br> default | Modific ation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P8.00 | Operation monitoring parameter item selection | For example: $\mathrm{P} 8.00=2$, that is, select the output voltage ( $\mathrm{d}-02$ ), then the default display item of the main monitoring interface is the current output voltage value. | 0~26 | 0 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P8. 01 | Shut-down monitoring parameter selection | For example: $\mathrm{P} 8.01=3$, that is, select the bus voltage ( $\mathrm{d}-03$ ), then the default display item of the main monitoring interface is the current bus voltage value. | 0~26 | 1 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P8. 02 | Motor speed display factor | It is used to correct the display error of the speed scale and has no effect on the actual speed. | 0.01~99.99 | 1.00 | $\bigcirc$ |
| P8.03 | Parameter <br> initialization | 0: No operationThe frequency inverter is in thenormal parameter read-write status.Whether the function code setting value can be changed depends on the setting status of the user password and the current working status of the frequency inverter. <br> 1: Restore factory settings <br> All user parameters are restored to the factory settings according to device. <br> 2: Clear the fault record <br> Clear the contents of the fault record (d-19~d-24). This function code is automatically cleared to 0 after the operation is completed. | 0~2 | 0 | $\times$ |
| P8. 04 | MF key <br> setting | 0: MF <br> 1: Forward and reverse switching <br> 2: Clear frequency setting of <br> $\Delta / \nabla$ button <br> 3: Reverse run (At this time, the RUN button defaults to forward) | 0~3 | 0 | $\times$ |

## Group P9 - manufacturer parameters

| Function code | Name | Setting range | Minimu <br> $\mathbf{m}$ unit | Factory <br> default | Modific <br> ation |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P9.00 | Manufacturer <br> password | $1 \sim 9999$ | 1 | $* * * *$ | $\diamond$ |

Group d - Monitoring parameter group
Function code

| d-15 | Output relay <br> status (R) | $0 \sim 1 \mathrm{H}$ | 1H | 0H | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| d-16 | Module temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.0 \sim 132.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.0 \sim \\ 132.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.0 \sim \\ 132.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ | - |
| d-17 | Software <br> upgrade date (year) | 2010~2026 | 1 | 2017 | - |
| d-18 | Software upgrade date (month, day) | 0~1231 | 1 | 0914 | - |
| d-19 | Second <br> fault <br> code | 0~19 | 1 | 0 | - |
| d-20 | Last fault <br> code | 0~19 | 1 | 0 | - |
| d-21 | Output frequency (Hz) in the most recent fault | $0.0 \sim 999.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | 0.1 Hz | 0.0Hz | - |
| d-22 | Output <br> current (A) <br> in the most <br> recent fault | 0.0~999.9A | 0.1A | 0.OV | - |
| d-23 | Bus voltage (V) in the most recent fault | 999.9 V | 1V | OV | - |
| d-24 | Module temperature in the most recent fault $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.0 \sim 132.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $0.0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - |
| d-25 | Accumulated running time of the frequency inverter (h) | 0~9999h | 1h | Oh | - |



| Group E-Fault code |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fault code | Name | Possible reason of failure | Troubleshooting |
| EOC1 | Overcurrent <br> during acceleration | Acceleration time is too short | Increase the acceleration time |
|  |  | The power of frequency inverter is too small | Use a new frequency inverter with a bigger power level |
|  |  | Improper setting of V/F curve or torque boost | Adjust the V/F curve or torque boost |
| EOC2 | Overcurrent <br> during <br> deceleration | Deceleration time is too short | Increase the deceleration time |
|  |  | The power of frequency inverter is too small | Use a new frequency inverter with a bigger power level |
| EOC3 | Overcurrent <br> during <br> constant speed operation | Low grid voltage | Check input power |
|  |  | Load become mutational or abnormal | Check load or reduce load change |
|  |  | The power of frequency inverter is too small | Use a new frequency inverter with a bigger power level |
| EHU 1 | Overvoltage <br> during <br> acceleration | Abnormal input voltage | Check input power |
|  |  | Restart the rotating motor | Set to start after DC braking |
| EHU 2 | Overvoltage <br> during <br> deceleration | Deceleration time is too short | Increase deceleration time |
|  |  | Abnormal input voltage | Check input power |
| EHU 3 | Overvoltage during constant speed operation | Abnormal input voltage | Check input power |
| EHU 4 | Overvoltage during shut-down | Abnormal input voltage | Check the power voltage |


| ELU0 | Undervoltage in operation | The input voltage is abnormal or the relay is not connected | Check the supply voltage or ask the manufacturer for service |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ESC1 | Power module failure | Frequency inverter output short circuit or grounding | Check motor wiring |
|  |  | Frequency inverter <br> transient overcurrent | Refer to the overcurrent countermeasures |
|  |  | The control board is abnormal or the interference is serious. | Ask the manufacturer for service |
|  |  | Power device damage | Ask the manufacturer for service |
| E-OH | Heat sink overheating | Ambient temperature is too high | Reduce ambient temperature |
|  |  | Fan damage | Replace the fan |
|  |  | Air duct blockage | Dredge the air duct |
| EOL1 | Frequency inverter overload | Improper setting of V/F curve or torque boost | Adjust the V/F curve or torque boost |
|  |  | Grid voltage is too low | Check the grid voltage |
|  |  | Acceleration time is too short | Increase acceleration time |
|  |  | Motor overload | Use one new bigger power frequency inverter |
| EOL2 | Motor overload | Improper setting of V/F curve or torque boost | Adjust the V/F curve or torque boost |
|  |  | Grid voltage is too low | Check grid voltage |
|  |  | Motor stalled or the mutation of load is too large | Check the load |
|  |  | Motor overload protection factor setting is incorrect | Set the motor overload protection coefficient Correctly |


| E-EF | External device failure | External device fault input terminal is closed | Disconnect the external device fault input terminal and clear the fault (Pay attention to checking the cause) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EPID | PID Feedback disconnection | PID feedback circuit is loose | Check feedback connection |
|  |  | The feedback amount is less than the disconnection detection value | Adjust the detection input threshold |
| E485 | RS485 communicatio n failure | Does not match the host computer baud rate | Adjust baud rate |
|  |  | RS485 channel interference | Check whether the communication connection is shielded, whether the wiring is reasonable, and considering connecting the filter capacitor if necessary. |
|  |  | Communication timeout | Retry |
| ECCF | Current detection fault | Current sampling circuit failure <br> Auxiliary power failure | Ask the manufacturer for service |
| EEEP | EEPROM <br> read-write <br> error | EEPROM failure | Ask the manufacturer for service |
| EPAO | Burst failure | The feedback pressure is less than the low-pressure detection threshold or greater than or equal to the highpressure detection threshold | Detect feedback connection or adjust detection high- and low-pressure threshold |
| EPOF | Dual CPU communicatio n failure | CPU communication failure | Ask the manufacturer for service |

## 1. RTU mode and format

When the controller is communicating on the Modbus bus in RTU mode, each 8-bit byte in the message is divided into two 4-digit hexadecimal characters. The main advantage of this mode is the density of the transmitted characters at the same baud rate is larger than ASCII mode, and each message must be transmitted continuously.
(1) Format of each byte in RTU mode

Coding system: 8-bit binary, hex 0-9, A-F.
Data bits: 1 start bit, 8 data bits (low bit first), stop bit occupies 1 bit, parity check bit can be selected. (Refer to RTU data frame bit sequence diagram)
Error check area: Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)
(2) RTU data frame bit sequence diagram

With parity check

| Start | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | Par | Stop |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Without parity check

| Start | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | Stop |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Read-write function code description:

| Function code | Function Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 03 | Read the register |
| 06 | Write the register |

2. Parameter description of the communication protocol:

| Function <br> Description | Address definition | Data meaning description | R/W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Communication control command | 2000H | 0001H: Shut down <br> 0012H: Forward running <br> 0013H: Forward jog running <br> 0022H: Reverse running <br> 0023H: Reverse jog running | W |
| Communication setting frequency address | 2001H | The communication setting frequency range is 10000 to 10000 . <br> Note: The communication setting frequency is the percentage relative to the maximum frequency, which ranges from $-100.00 \%$ to | W |
| Communication control command | 2002H | 0001H: External fault input | W |
|  |  | 0002H: Fault reset |  |
| Read run/stop <br> parameter <br> description | 2102H | Setting frequency (two decimal digits) | R |
|  | 2103H | Output frequency (two decimal digits) | R |


|  | 2104H | Output current (one decimal digits) | R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2105H | Bus voltage (one decimal digits) | R |
|  | 2106H | Output voltage (one decimal digits) | R |
|  | 210DH | Inverter temperature (one decimal digits) | R |
|  | 210EH | PID feedback value (two decimal digits) | R |
|  | 210FH | PID setting value (two decimal digits) | R |
| Read the fault code description | 2101H | Bit0: Run <br> Bit1: Shut down <br> Bit2: Jog <br> Bit3: Forward <br> Bit4: Reverse <br> Bit5~Bit7: Reserve <br> Bit8: Communication given <br> Bit9: Analog signal input <br> Bit10: Communication running command channel <br> Bit11: Parameter lock <br> Bit12: Running <br> Bit13: Command of jog <br> Bit14~Bit15: Reserve | R |
| Read the fault code description | 2101H | 00: No abnormality <br> 01: Module failure <br> 02: Overvoltage <br> 03: Temperature failure <br> 04: Frequency inverter overload <br> 05: Motor overload <br> 06: External fault <br> 07~09: Reserve <br> 10: Overcurrent in acceleration <br> 11: Overcurrent in deceleration <br> 12: Overcurrent in constant speed <br> 13: Reserve <br> 14: Undervoltage | R |

4. 03 read function mode:

Inquiry information frame format:

| Address | 01 H |
| :---: | :---: |
| Function | 03 H |
| Starting data address | 21 H |
| Data(2Byte) | 02 H |
|  | 00 H |
| CRC CHK High | 02 H |
|  | 6 FH |

Analysis of This paragraph of data:

| 01 H | is the address of frequency inverter |
| :--- | :--- |
| 03 H | is the read function code |
| 2102 H | is the initial address <br> 0002 H |
| is the number of read address, that is, 2102 H <br> and 2103 H |  |
| F76FH | is the 16-bit CRC checking code |

Response information frame format:

| Address | 01 H |
| :---: | :---: |
| Function | 03 H |
| DataNum*2 | 04 H |
| Data1[2Byte] | 17 H |
|  | Data2[2Byte] |
|  |  |
| CRC CHK Low | 00 H |
| CRC CHK High | 00 H |

Analysis of this paragraph of data:

| 01 H | is the address of frequency inverter |
| ---: | :--- |
| 03 H | is the read function code |
| 04 H | is the product of the read item *2 |
| 1770 H | is the data of read 2102 H (set frequency) |
| 0000 H | is the data of read 2103 H (output frequency) |
| 5 CFEH | is a 16-bit CRC checking code |

5. 06 read function mode

Inquiry information frame format

| Address | 01 H |
| :---: | :---: |
| Function | 06 H |
| Starting data address | 20 H |
|  | 00 H |
|  | Data(2Byte) |
| CRC CHK Low | 00 H |
| CRC CHK High | 01 H |

Analysis of this paragraph of data:

| 01 H | is the address of frequency inverter |
| ---: | :--- |
| 06 H | is the write function code |
| 2000 H | is the address of control command |
| 0001 H | is the stop command |
| 43 CAH | is a 16-bit CRC checking code |

Response information frame format:

| Address | 01 H |
| :---: | :---: |
| Function | 06 H |
| Starting data address | 20 H |
|  | 00 H |
| Number of Data (Byte) | 00 H |
|  | 01 H |
| CRC CHK Low | 43 H |
| CRC CHK High | CAH |

Analysis of this paragraph of data: If the settings are correct, return the same input data.


## Wiring diagram




| Voltage | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Power } \\ & \text { (KW) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Output } \\ \text { current(A) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{W} \\ (\mathrm{MM}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{H} \\ \text { (MM) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{(\mathrm{MM})}{\mathrm{D}}$ | D1 <br> (MM) | Mounting aperture (MM) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Single Phase AC 220 V | 0.4 | 2.5 | 85 | 143 | 116 | 126 | 4.5 |
|  | 0.75 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1.5 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2.2 | 10 | 100 | 151 | 120 | 130 |  |
| Three Phase AC 380 V | 0.75 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1.5 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2.2 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3.7 | 8.5 | 125 | 220 | 166 | 176 |  |
|  | 5.5 | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7.5 | 17 |  |  |  |  |  |

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